

Algorithm

18-7-19

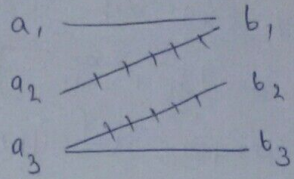
1. Start with dual feasible.
2. Find maximum matching (unweighted) in tight subgraph H
3. Dual update.

Till we get perfect M.

Step 1: $\forall a \in X, y_a = \max_b \{w_{ab}\}$

$\forall b \in Y, y_b = 0$

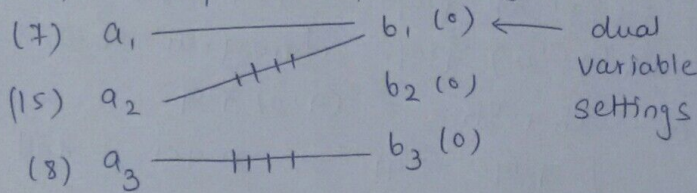
Suppose Max. M in H is as follows:



Max. M in (tight subgraph) H is not perfect

So, we need step 3: Dual update, to get more edges tight, without violating dual feasibility

For yesterday's example, tight subgraph $H =$



One possible dual update that makes $a_2 b_2$ tight: $a_1: 7 \rightarrow 4, a_2: 15 \rightarrow 12, b_1: 0 \rightarrow 3$

Q: How to find $A' \subseteq X, B' \subseteq Y$ & k s.t.

if $\forall a' \in A', y_{a'} \leftarrow y_{a'} - k$

$\forall b' \in B', y_{b'} \leftarrow y_{b'} + k$

& we don't violate dual feasibility.
& hopefully get more edges tight.

Let $S =$ set of vertices reachable via alternating path from unmatched X -vertices w.r.t. max. M in H .

In example, $S = \{a_1, b_1, a_2\}$

$(X \setminus S) \cup (S \cap Y)$ is v.c. for H .

$\Rightarrow \exists$ no edge in H that goes from $S \cap X$ to $Y \setminus S$.

* these are "interesting" edges for us.
 \sim candidates to make tight.

Since, S is a Hall's set for H ,

$$|S| > |N(S)|$$

So, if all y_a s.t. $a \in S$ is decreased by

$k > 0$ & y_b s.t. $b \in N(S)$ is

~~decreased~~ increased by same k ,

dual objective is guaranteed to decrease.

Q: How to find k ?

Look at "slack" edges s.t.

$$w_{ab} < y_a + y_b$$

Ask: what is the slack?

$$\text{slack}(a,b) = y_a + y_b - w_{ab}$$

e.g. initially, $\text{slack}(a_1, b_2) = 3$

[for dual $\text{slack}(a_1, b_3) = 4$

feasible $\text{slack}(a_2, b_2) = 3$

initial setting] $\text{slack}(a_2, b_3) = 6$

Take the minimum among these & let it be k .

Step 3: Dual update procedure.

- We found out H , Max Matching M , set S (Hall's set) & "interesting" edges i.e. those from $S \cap X$ to $Y \setminus S$.

$$k = \min_{\substack{(a,b): \\ a \in S \cap X, \\ b \in Y \setminus S}} \{ y_a + y_b - w_{ab} \}$$

- For $\forall a \in S \cap X$, $y_a \leftarrow y_a - k$

- For $\forall b \in S \cap Y$, $y_b \leftarrow y_b + k$

Q: Is this update violating dual feasibility?

4 types of edges:

$S \cap X \rightarrow Y \cap S$: $+k - k$: feasible \checkmark
tight \checkmark

$S \cap X \rightarrow Y \setminus S$: $\because k$ was picked as min.

: feasible \checkmark

: at least 1 edge becomes tight

$X \setminus S \rightarrow Y \cap S$: $+k$ @ Y -end, so feasible \checkmark

: can become non-tight \otimes

$X \setminus S \rightarrow Y \setminus S$: no change, feasible \checkmark

⊛: There is a loss in tight ~~edges~~ edges.

Q: Is that okay?

No matched edges cross $X \setminus S \rightarrow Y \cap S$

So, we don't lose any matched edges.

Q: Can we always increase the size of matching by at least 1 in every iteration?

→ Need not: if tight edge is $a_1 - b_3$, then maximum M size remains same.

Q: So, what progress is guaranteed?

→ $|N(S)|$ increases, after every iteration.

→ at most n iterations needed for at least 1 increase in maximum matching.

→ Running time = $O(n * n * m)$

where $O(m)$ = per iteration work needed

∵ G is ^{complete} bipartite graph, $m = \Theta(n^2)$

So, $O(n^4)$ time.